

PARIS AND BERLIN BOTH CLAIM GAINS ON ALSACE HEIGHTS

Nine Attacks Repulsed, Is the Report of French War Office.

DENIED BY GERMANS.

Berlin Asserts That Six French Attacks Were Repulsed by Bavarians.

PARIS, July 22 (via London).—The following communication was issued to-day by the French War Department:

"There were some artillery actions in Artots, in the Argonne, between the Meuse and the Moselle, in the neighborhood of Esparges and in the forest of Apremont.

"During the night of the 20th and 21st and the day of the 21st there was extremely fierce fighting on the heights of Little Reichacker Kopf, to the westward of Muenster (in Alsace, ten miles west-southwest of Colmar). An attack by us was followed by nine German counter attacks, despite their heavy losses. Two battalions of chasseurs held the enemy's troops and inflicted heavy losses upon them. We captured and held a trench about 150 metres in length and maintained all our previous positions. To the north of Muenster our forces organized the positions they had conquered at the crest of La Linge. In this fighting we took 107 prisoners.

"Our aviators dropped eight bombs of 90 and four of 150 millimetres on the station of Autry, to the northwest of Hinarville (in the Argonne).

"In the Dardanelles quiet has prevailed since our success of July 12 and 13.

BERLIN (via London), July 22.—The German War Office to-day gave out the following statement:

"To the west of the Argonne our troops are fighting bravely. Vigorous artillery combats took place between the Meuse and the Moselle. South of Leintrey French attacks collapsed before the obstacles in front of our advanced positions.

"In the valleys yesterday the enemy attacked six times southwest of Reichacker Kopf, but was repulsed with sanguinary losses by the Bavarian troops. Counter attacking, we recaptured a portion of our trench, which was in the hands of the enemy, taking 137 Alpine troops prisoner, among them three officers. In the evening we repulsed an enemy attack near Sonderbach.

"An enemy airplane fell down under our fire in the forest of Parroy.

"In an aerial fight over the Muenster Valley three German airmen gained a victory over three adversaries of whom two were forced to descend into the valley of the Thann."

GERMANY REPORTS SHE HAS SUPPLIES FOR A LONG WAR

Good Crops, Plenty of Meat, Copper and Lead, Says

Official Statement.

BERLIN, July 22, by wireless to Sayville.—The Overseas News Agency to-day gave out the following:

"Official investigations have established the fact that Germany is amply provided with all raw material necessary to continue the war for a long time to come. Good crops are furnishing sufficient quantities of breadstuffs, vegetables and potatoes, even permitting a considerable increase in cattle and swine, the number of which had been artificially decreased to guard against a scarcity of potatoes and fodder. The production of meat is thus increased. There are plenty of vegetable substances to produce necessary oils and fats.

"Of greater importance is the certainty that Germany is producing enough lead to satisfy all demands. Besides the large reserve stores, there are immense quantities of lead pipes which are easily replaceable with iron. The stores of copper are large enough to manufacture all shells and shrapnel far beyond the probable duration of the war.

"Even if the prediction of Germany's enemies that the war will be of long duration should prove true, the copper now in private use could be replaced easily with other materials. Statistics show that the amount of copper used in roofs, household utensils, pots, plates and boilers is more than 2,000,000 tons, which is sufficient to continue the war for many years.

"According to a newspaper despatch from Russian Headquarters which was passed by the censor, the Russian army has lost 15,000 machine guns, the greater part captured by the Germans and Austrians and others ruined by the technical incapacity of the men. The Russian Government has prohibited the mailing of official casualty lists of officers to foreign countries."

WHAT EVERY WOMAN SHOULD KNOW!

How to Keep Well, Keep Strong and Keep a Perfect Figure, Told in a Series of Illustrated Lessons

To-Day's Illustrated Lesson Explains Both Causes and Dangers of Excessive Thinness and Gives Some More Exercises for Developing Scrawny Necks.

Because of her perfect physical proportions, Pauline Furlong has been named the "American Venus." She is the author of "Beauty Culture at Home," and is an authority on all questions of woman's physical well-being. She will give a course of lessons to the women readers of The Evening World this summer on "How to Make Yourself Well and Strong and Preserve Your Figure."

LESSON XXI.

By Pauline Furlong.

Why is thinness a defect which you should try to overcome? There are two reasons. In the first place, extreme thinness is a sign of bad health, or of constitutional weakness, at the least. In the second place, the extremely thin woman grows old and ugly with abnormal quickness.

Vitality and all-round muscular development and perfect health depend upon well-nourished tissues. The thin woman may not feel ill—a nervous, hysterical energy is one of her symptoms—but the fact remains that her tissues have not received and are not receiving proper replenishment from the blood. As I said the other day, she is not assimilating her food; its nourishing elements are not being utilized properly in the wonderful natural chemistry of the body.

THIN WOMEN ALWAYS IN DANGER OF BREAKDOWN.

In one sense, abnormal thinness is a more dangerous malady than abnormal fatness, because the former is more subtle. Nature gives a warning to the stout woman by making her uncomfortable, particularly during the hot months. The thin woman is less lucky. She meanders along, feeling strong enough to perform the duties that fall to her lot. She is tired most of the time, her face is pale, she suffers from indigestion, catarrh and intestinal complaints. But she doesn't suspect that anything really serious is the matter with her.

Then there comes some sudden call upon her strength. She is the victim of an accident or of some severe illness. She must nurse for a protracted period some member of her family, or perform some other physical labor of unaccustomed magnitude. For a time her nervous energy buoys her up; she "lives on her nerves," as we say. But sooner or later she succumbs under the strain and, in too many instances, fails to rally. That is because, all along, she has been using up her principal of vitality; she has no savings account in the bank of health and strength.

As for the charge that thinness impairs a woman's beauty and makes her show age more quickly, it is unquestionably true. The woman who is thin to the point of emaciation rarely or never has a healthy skin. It is pale, sallow and—since there is not sufficient tissue under it—loose and wrinkled.

The first step toward overcoming extreme thinness is of course to build up the general health and strength. Your diet must be carefully revised and edited, as I have explained to you. To-morrow I shall print sample menus for the thin woman, which will be capable of modification according to the taste and pocketbook of the individual reader.

But food is not the only factor to be considered in the problem of development. There is sleep. The time when depleted tissue is most easily renewed and rebuilt is the period during which the body is completely relaxed in sleep, which has rightly been described as "renewal." Therefore the thin woman should spend as much time as she possibly can in sleep. WORRY AND LACK OF SLEEP KEEP WOMEN THIN.

The thin woman is usually nervous and inclined to fret and worry. One of her pet habits is to lie awake at night and indulge in an orgy of mental disturbance about the events of the past day and those which the next day may bring forth. All I can say is "Stop it." You will never grow any stouter if you are constantly borrowing trouble. Particularly you must not lie awake at night, fretting and worrying about little before you go to bed and do your very best to think only of pleasant, soothing things. Then, before you realize it, you will be asleep and the good work of gaining flesh will be under way.

Another rule for increasing in weight is to drink as much water as possible. Don't drink it with your meals, as the best authorities are agreed that this practice interferes with digestion. But swallow a glass of clear, cool water as many times a day as you feel able to do so.

Water that has been kept on ice in a clean, covered receptacle is likely to be healthier than water in which ice has been melted. Why do I advise the thin woman to drink it copiously? Because in many instances the rea-



SEPTEMBER MORNS STARTLED OLD LADY ON OBSERVATION CAR

Fair Nymphs Were Sporting in the Hudson as Train Whizzed By.

(Special to The Evening World.)

POUGHKEEPSIE, July 22.—It was about three days ago that an old lady on the river side of a parlor car coming into Poughkeepsie thought she saw them; it didn't seem possible; perhaps it was a sinful dream. Dazed, she wheeled about on her husband in the next chair. His cheek was flattered against the window and his eyes were almost popping out as he strained to look back down the track.

"Henry!" she said. "So I DID see them."

Henry jerked back, upright, sneaked a look about the car and tried hard to look innocent.

"I am ashamed of you," said the old lady. "It is perfectly unbecoming. You must telegraph the President of the railroad at once and have them arrested. Just tell him if it is not stopped at once we will use the West Shore after this. They weren't children either. They were full grown men and women. Four of them."

She shuddered in horror. "You must have stopped at once I tell you."

Henry nodded virtuously and grimly.

"Certainly, my dear, certainly," he said. "You are quite right."

Then he closed his eyes. He was trying to bring back the vision—two men and two women, lightly tanned and as untrammelled by clothing as Diana's nymphs and the fauns of old, standing waist deep in the clear water with their toes digging into the clear sand of the bottom to hold them against the pull of the tide.

Henry's telegram to the railroad offices was not the only message which has come there since. The four have been seen by hundreds—not always in the water. Some had glimpses of them racing through the woods, sunning themselves on the grass beside a tent. All the complaints have been forwarded to Sheriff Fred Hornbeck, of Dutchess County.

Sheriff Hornbeck is an aesthetic and loves nature and is very beautiful himself. But he is a shy, modest creature and was brought up to observe the strictest proprieties. He was horrified. He sent out hardened minions more fitted for such an investigation. They went forth, but returned with their nets empty.

But in the camp they found names and addresses and evidence that the nation's worshippers had gone back to civilization. The Sheriff says he knows who they are and now that he knows they have their clothes on he is going to go after them and arrest them.

"For," he says, quoting Mrs. Henry, "it is perfectly unbecoming."

HEIR TO MILLIONS OF ARBUCKLE DIES

Great Estate of Coffee King Will Now Go to William A. Jameson.

Charles Jameson, one of the two ultimate heirs to the \$30,000,000 estate of the late John Arbuckle, died to-day in Roosevelt Hospital after undergoing two operations for intestinal disease. Mr. Jameson was 45 years old. Desperate efforts were made to save his life.

When John Arbuckle, who made his millions in sugar and coffee, died, his fortune went to an unmarried sister and Mrs. Jameson, a married sister. Mrs. Jameson had two sons, Charles and William A., and they took charge of the immense Arbuckle business. The entire estate will now go to William A. Jameson, in case he survives his mother and his aunt.

Mr. Charles Jameson was a hard worker and a clear headed business man. He and his brother were charitably inclined and were prepared to carry on the philanthropic works instituted by their uncle.

UNCLE SAM TO SUE RICH FOLK HE AIDED

Some Have Not Repaid Loans Made to Them When Caught in the War Zone.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Many persons of means and high financial standing who were afforded relief by the Government while in Europe at the outbreak of the war have failed to respond to requests that they reimburse the United States Treasury for assistance.

As a result, it was announced by Secretary McAdoo to-day that it is his intention to request the Department of Justice to institute suit for recovery of the money justly due the Government. Such suits, it is stated, will be instituted in the districts in which the delinquents reside.

The Treasury Department will not make public the names of the delinquents nor the amounts due from each of them. It is believed, however, that of the \$2,750,000 appropriated by Congress for the relief of Americans in Europe, more than \$2,000,000 was used.

The suits will be based on the following provision in the resolution providing funds for relief work: "American citizens to whom relief is extended or transportation is furnished shall pay to or reimburse the United States all reasonable expenses so incurred respectively on their account, if financially able to do so."

MUST SWEAR ALLEGIANCE UNEQUIVOCALLY TO U. S.

Justice Philbin Outlines Their Duties to Three Hundred Prospective Citizens.

Supreme Court Justice Philbin to-day faced a gathering of prospective citizens who filled his court room. Two hundred and fifty candidates for Americanization were in the court while fifty more overflowed into the corridor. Included in the last were Hungarians, Germans, Englishmen, Frenchmen, Italians, Belgians, Russians and a Montenegrin.

"The renunciation of foreign allegiance," said Justice Philbin, "must be unequivocal. A candidate for citizenship may not permit himself to have any doubt as to his support of the United States Government as against any and all foes that may be raised against her. Love for the land and the legend and history of the land of one's birth the American citizen who was born elsewhere may have, but it must be a thing distinct from his allegiance. That must belong to the country which he has elected to make his own."

CHASE ARMED BURGLAR THROUGH FIFTH AVENUE

Slashed Butler When Found Ransacking House and Is Pursued by Mafks.

A negro with a bloody razor in his right hand, followed by a couple of women in maid's caps and aprons and several men and boys who made a lot of noise but no gains, ran east through West Forty-eighth Street a few minutes before noon to-day and turned north in Fifth Avenue. The avenue was crowded and the fugitive at once became the target for the attention of hundreds.

At Forty-ninth Street the negro turned west. Patrolman Solomon of the East Fifty-first Street Station disarmed him. The woman informed Solomon the negro had killed a man at No. 40 West Forty-eighth Street. Other policemen went to the address and found Alfred West of No. 216 West Sixty-first Street, a young negro employed in the place, which is a boarding house, as a butler, bleeding from gashes in his throat, face and shoulders. He was hurried to Flower Hospital, where he is dying.

The prisoner gave the name of Ben Gignans of No. 216 West Fortieth Street. Mary O'Connor, a maid in the boarding house, found Gignans in a room on the third floor ransacking a bureau. She screamed and West ran upstairs, meeting the intruder coming down. Gignans drew a razor, slashed West and fled pursued by the O'Connor girl and another maid.

Secret Wedding Revealed. Through a marriage notice published in the local papers of Queens Borough the wedding of George Parkerson of the Brooklyn Edison Company of Jamaica, to Margaret Gilman, daughter of William C. Street, a wholesale baker of Richmond Hill, became known this morning. The couple said the reason they tried to keep the marriage a secret was that they were waiting for their house to be finished which was now being built at Brooklyn Hills.

FLAGLER 'WIDOW' ADMITS USING A DIFFERENT NAME

Known in Washington as "Mrs. John Henry Johnson," and Owes Money There.

TELLS OF BIG FORTUNE.

Says She Used Name of Daughter's Husband "to Dodge Beggars."

The woman calling herself Mrs. Emma Howe Flagler, who is locked up in West Side Prison awaiting examination Friday on a charge of fraudulently obtaining \$4,435 from Frank J. Mahoney by representing herself as the legitimate widow of Henry M. Flagler, the multi-millionaire oil magnate, admitted to-day to an Evening World reporter that she lived in Washington until about a year ago under the name of Mrs. John Henry Johnson.

"I adopted the name of my married daughter in Washington," she said, "for a very good reason. If I had publicly gone under the name of Mrs. Flagler people would have come from all over the world to beg money from me."

"In official and society circles I was known as Mrs. Flagler. I entertained the best people in Washington. Senator William A. Clark was a frequent caller at my home."

The woman was asked about John Henry Johnson, a man about seventy years old who was known as her husband while she lived in Washington and who was supported last winter by Mrs. Celestia A. Smith of No. 1325 M Street, N. W. Mrs. Smith owns the house Mrs. Flagler-Johnson occupied in Washington. It was formerly occupied by the Russian Embassy.

"That man," Mrs. Flagler-Johnson said, "is the divorced husband of my daughter. I simply took his name in Washington, as I said before, to avoid beggars."

"It is true, as the Washington despatches say, that I owe a lot of money there. But all my creditors took my notes and held them. Isn't it reasonable to suppose that they investigated my statement that I was Mrs. Flagler before they accepted my notes?"

Mrs. Flagler-Johnson, or Johnson-Flagler, is a handsome, well preserved woman, apparently about sixty years old. She did not attempt to explain when asked about the fact that John Henry Johnson, who she says, is her daughter's divorced husband, is older than herself.

"My lawyer, J. Henry Newberger, of Chicago, will be here to-night," she said. "He will corroborate everything I say. He knows that when I separated from Henry M. Flagler I got \$250,000 in Santa Fe Railroad stock, which I turned over to Daniel Le Roy Dresser, who killed himself when he found he was unable to return the stock to me."

Friends and business associates of Mr. Dresser say he never knew or heard of Mrs. Flagler-Johnson and that she is taking advantage of the fact that he was driven to suicide by business troubles in order to bolster up her claim to the Flagler millions.

The woman appeared in Washington in the spring of 1913 and leased the house at No. 1325 M Street, N. W., from Mrs. Smith through a broker. Although Johnson lived in the house and was known as her husband she borrowed \$2,500 from Mrs. Smith with which to purchase furniture. She owes Mrs. Smith this \$2,500 and \$2,000 more for rent.

Mrs. Smith recognized her as Mrs. Flagler. The woman disappeared from Washington last August, leaving John Henry Johnson behind. During the cold weather last winter Mrs. Smith allowed him to sleep in her barn and eat in her kitchen with her negro cook.

MORE REVENUE GRANTED EXPRESS COMPANIES

Interstate Commerce Board Finds That Present Incomes Are Inadequate.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Modifying a previous order, the Interstate Commerce Commission to-day held that the present revenues of the principal express companies are inadequate, and provided for additional income.

Under the new terms the express companies are expected to increase their gross revenues about 3.86 per cent. The Commission's report shows that the net operating revenues of the four big companies have decreased to a deficit of \$1,132,811 in the year 1914-1915 and in the same period operating income decreased \$2,449,863.

While the financial condition of certain of the petitioners is more favorable than that of others," says the report, "it clearly appears that as a whole they are operating at a loss."

NORDICA'S LAST WILL PROBATED; HUSBAND LOSES

Surrogate Cohalan Admits Document Executed by Singer on Thursday Island.

RELATIVES IN COURT.

Banker Young, Who Is Cut Off, Filed Another Will in New Jersey.

The last will of Mme. Lillian Nordica-Young, made on Thursday Island, near Australia, in January, 1914, was admitted to probate to-day by Surrogate Cohalan. In this will the singer cut off her husband, well known as a banker in New York and New Jersey, with practically nothing, declaring that she had already lent him \$400,000, and that was enough.

If Mr. Young intends to appeal from to-day's decision of the Surrogate he may give notice within sixty days. Thus far no intimation has been given.

In the meantime Mme. Nordica's will made at Deal, N. J., before she sailed away on a long tour, has been filed for probate in Monmouth County, N. J., but will await the disposition of the Thursday Island will. By this earlier instrument Mr. Young is the principal beneficiary.

Two sisters of Mme. Nordica-Young were in court. Mr. Young was not present when the proceedings were begun this morning before Surrogate Cohalan.

Mme. Nordica-Young was aboard the Dutch ship Tasman, which was wrecked on Braganza Key in Torres Strait, on Dec. 27, 1913. She was landed on Thursday Island, contracted pneumonia from exposure and after some delay was taken to the Torres Straits Hospital, where she died in January, 1914.

The relatives of Mme. Nordica-Young in the courtroom were her sisters, Mrs. Ione A. Walker and Mrs. William F. Baldwin, both of Boston. With them were William F. Baldwin and his son, Robert O. Baldwin, one of the executors of the Thursday Island will; also Norton Baldwin and Miss Constance Baldwin, his brother and sister.

Counsel for George W. Young contested the Thursday Island will on the ground that Mme. Nordica-Young was of unsound mind at the time she made it and was under undue influence at the time. Mrs. Ada Baldwin, a relative, was her traveling companion all through the voyage and was with her to the end.

Attorney Weed offered in evidence the order for a commission, issued by the Surrogate in February, 1915, the appointment of a commission and the report of the commission, filed on May 1 of this year.

This report gave the testimony of witnesses who were present when Mme. Nordica-Young executed the will. They were Charles Hartlett, American Vice Consul at Melbourne; William Miller Lee-Bryce, British Resident at Thursday Island, and Sadie Charlotte MacDonald, matron of the hospital. They all declared that Mme. Nordica-Young appeared to be sane.

J. Cotter Connell, of counsel for Mr. Young, objected to the report of the commission because it was in narrative form, but Surrogate Cohalan overruled him and admitted the will to probate.

Explosion in Bessel Plant. SYRACUSE, July 22.—The bessel plant of the Bessel-Solway Company was wrecked by an explosion caused by sparks from a locomotive late yesterday. The loss is \$40,000.

SEVEN AMERICANS RISK DANGER OF SUBMARINES TO SAIL ON THE ORDUNA

Canadian, Hero of Boer War, Goes to Beg Chance to Fight.

The Orduna of the Cunard Line which was missed by ten feet by a German torpedo on her last westward voyage, sailed for Liverpool to-day with seven American citizens and 10,500 tons of cargo. Of the eighteen first cabin passengers, none were Americans. In the second cabin were Mr. and Mrs. George F. Dean of Boston, going to visit Mr. Dean's mother, who is ill in England; also Hilda Hogg, ten months old, whose parents are British but who was entered as American because she was born in this country. There were four Americans in the steerage.

Of the British passengers by far the coolest was Mrs. Sarah Jane Scholes, sixty-two years old, who came to this country last week on the Tuscanian, and is making the round trip across the Atlantic on the advice of a physician.

"No, I am not afraid," she said with calmness. "It is not a quick death at sea better than a death after six months on a sickbed?"

Another passenger was Solomon Alexander, a Vancouver barrister, who has been twice rejected by recruiting officers in Canada because of wounds received in the Boer War. Mr. Alexander's father, though German born and a veteran of the Prussian forces in the Franco-Prussian War, fought with both the British and the Germans in the recent campaign in South Africa and he has five cousins in both the army. Two student clerks from his office have been killed in France. Mr. Alexander hopes to get a commission by applying in England.

MISS MURDOCK TO WED. Ex-Congressman's Daughter to Be a Navy Bride in August.

WICHITA, Kan., July 22.—It is announced that a date late in August has been chosen for the wedding of Miss Marcia Murdock and Lieut. Harvey Delano of the United States navy. The young woman made her entrance into society two years ago in Washington when her father, Victor Murdock of this city, was one of the leaders in the House of Representatives. Lieut. Delano is now attached to the battleship New York.

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\$7.00 to \$10.00 Shoes, reduced to \$5.85	\$6.00 Shoes, reduced to \$3.95
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